From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 18. & 22.

Milan, Nov. 4.

YESTERDAY Prince Eugene arriv'd here from Turin, accompanied by Prince Maurice his Nephew, ſecond Son of the deceas'd Count de Soiſſons, for whom he deſigns to procure Employment in the Emperour's Service. The 3 Imperial Regiments of Regal, Reventlau, and Erberſtein are to be tranſported with the Palatines, &c. to Catalonia.

They write from Naples, that Preparations are making there for reducing Sicily before France can ſend Succours thither. That for that End a Squadron of Engliſh and Dutch Men of War was expected, to tranſport the Forces deſign'd for that Expedition: But that firſt of all 8 Tranſports were to be ſent with Troops on Board to Catalonia, under the Convoy of 4 Engliſh and Dutch Men of War. 'Tis reckon'd that the Kingdom of Naples, the Dutchy of Milan and the othe. Fees of the Empire in Italy, may now be able to maintain 50000 Men.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 25.

Milan, Nov. 7. Prince Eugene will ſhortly be going from hence for the Court of Vienna. It has been reſolv'd to raiſe ſeveral new Regiments in this State, and to give Employments in thoſe new Levies to Officers that quitted the Service of the preceeding Government.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 25.

Milan, Nov. 12. Prince Eugene gives extraordinary Application to the regulating all the Affairs of this State, and for every thing relating to the next Campaign. He has caus'd 6000 Foot and 1500 Horſe to march for Genoa and Final, there to be imbark'd for Catalonia. The Body of Heſſian Troops, led by Baron Gorz, are to begin their march for Germany the Beginning of next Month.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Milan, Nov. 15. An Officer is arriv'd here with Letters from King Charles III. for Prince Eugene dated the 4th Inſtant: 'Tis believ'd his Catholick Majeſty is urgent in them for the Speedy Tranſportation of the Succours deſign'd him. Other Letters from Barcelona adviſe, that the Army under My Lord Galway had been reinforc'd, and that on the 3d 30 Pieces of Cannon were ſent to it: They add, that the Duke of Berwick was wounded before the Caſtle of Lerida. The Regiment of Boneſana muſt be ſail'd from Final by this Time for Barcelona. Commiſſaries are preparing at Novi Quarters for the Palatine Troops that are to take the ſame Route. Thoſe Palatines that are returning to Germany, continue their March for Final by the Lake of Guarda. The other Troops deſign'd for Catalonia are advanc'd towards Genoa; to imbark on the Ships provided for them; and neceſſary Meaſures are taking for ſending thither other Succours before the Spring.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Dec. 3.

Turin, Nov. 12. The Palatine Troops in the Pay of Great Britain and Holland, that are on the March for Final, are 2 Battallions of Guards, 2 of Rehbinder, 2 of Efferen, 2 of Barbo, 2 of Bentheim, and 1 of Schonenbourg; and 2 Squadrons of Schellart, 2 of Frankenberg, 2 of Wieſer, and 2 of Stoltzenburg.

Frankfort, Nov. 27. 'Tis adviſ'd from Milan, that Count Kenigſeck, who is to command the Succours deſign'd for Catalonia, was arriv'd there: And that for the Tranſportation of thoſe Succours in Number 7000 Men, 10 Engliſh Men of War, and 49 Tranſports lye ready at Genoa. Some ſay the 2 Palatine Regiments of Horſe, that ſerv'd in Italy in the Pay of Great Britain and Holland, are to return with the Heſſians to Germany.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated November 25.

Neufchatel, Nov. 10. The 3d of this Month, when the Inveſtiture of this Principality of Neufchatel and of Vallengin was about to be given to the King of Pruſſia, the Deputies of Landeron, and of Greſſier, whoſe Inhabitants are the only Papiſts that are in the Country, made a Proteſt, declaring that their Communities had never been under the Dominion of the Houſe of Chalons: And then upon ſome Remonſtrances made to them by the Attorney General, they thought beſt to leave the Aſſembly and afterwards the City, and to retire home. Then the Eſtates enter'd the Council-Hall; and after they had been there from 9 in the Morning to 4 in the Afternoon, they ſent a numerous Deputation to the Count de Metternich, at whoſe Lodgings were the other foreign Miniſters, to conduct him to the Antichamber. Aſſoon as he enter'd, the Sentence of the Inveſtiture in favour of the King of Pruſſia was read. The Advocate of the Prince of Orange Rignan proteſted againſt it; but his Proteſt was declar'd null. Then the Preſident of the Aſſembly yielded his Place to the C. de Metternich, with the Scepter: And thus the King of Pruſſia was Inveſted with the Soveraignty of this Principality of Neufchatel and Vallengin. After which the whole Aſſembly of the three Eſtates with the Count de Metternich at their Head, went to our Cathedral Church and gave God Thanks for the happy Iſſue of ſo Important an Affair. All uſual publick Demonſtrations of Joy were given on this Occaſion, ſuch as Acclamations, Ringing of Bells, firing Cannon and ſmall Arms, &c. The 4th the 3 Eſtates went in a Body to the Caſtle, of which the Count de Metternich took Poſſeſſion the Night before, to make their Compliment to his Excellency and to aſſure him of their inviolable Fidelity. At Noon his Excellency adminiſter'd to them the uſual Oath, in the Name of the King his Maſter; and afterwards to the Burghers of this City; and had Homage paid him in due Form. Upon which ſeveral Diſcharges of Canon and Muſquers were agen made. A good Number of Medals were thrown among the People, with a great Sum of Money, in Piſtoles, Crowns, and leſſer Coins of the Country. At Night there was a great Feaſt in the Caſtle, to which all the Perſons of any Figure were invited; and ſeveral Hogſheads of Wine were let run for the People. The 8th the County of Vallengin took the Oath of Fidelity to Count Metternich; and the other Communities of this Principality come dally to do the like.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Neufchatel, Nov 20. Count Metternich has kept open Table for 100 Perſons, all the while he has been here. His Excellency has beſides been very liberal: In particular he has given 1000 Piſtoles to the Burghers of Valangin, who maintain'd many Deputies here while the Proceſs for the Succeſſion was in Hand. The Communities of this Principality continue to take the Oath of Fidelity to our new Soveraign: But thoſe of Landeron and Greſſier continue in their Refuſal to acknowledge him, and are ſtrongly ſupported by the Roman Catholick Cantons of Soluthurn and Fribourg who are allied to this State. The 18th Ambaſſadors from the Canton of Bern arriv'd here with a numerous Retinue; were receiv'd with a treble Diſcharge of 7 Pieces of Cannon, and complimented by the Council of State and the Magiſtrates of this City: The 19th they had Audience of Count Metternich, whom they complimented on the Acceſſion of his Maſter the King of Pruſſia to the Soveraignty of Neufchatel and Valangin. The Republick of Geneva have likewiſe acknowledg'd his Pruſſian Majeſty for our Soveraign, and Deputies are expected from them to compliment Count Metternich thereupon.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Nov. 25.

An Arret of the Parliament of Bezançon, publiſh'd the 9th of November.

THE King having ſent us his Order to break off all Commerce between the Inhabitants of the County of Burgundy and thoſe of the Counties of Neufchatel and Vallengin, aſſoon as we ſhould be inform'd that the Inveſtiture of them was given to a Forreigner, in Prejudice of the juſt and lawful Rights of the Pretenders that are Subjects of his Majeſty: And we having Information that the Elector of Brandenbourg obtain'd that Inveſtiture the 3d of this Month, We do moſt expreſsly prohibit and forbid the Inhabitants of the County of Burgundy, to have any Commerce, directly or indirectly, with thoſe of the ſaid Counties of Neufchatel and Vallengin, on the Penalty of Confiſcation of all the Merchandiſes or Commodities, that may be endeavour'd to be imported or exported, with the Waggons, Boats, horſes, &c. and a Fine of 500 Livres.

Berlin, Nov. 26. Count Metternich, the Younger, arriv'd here in 9 Days from Neufchatel, with the News of our King's being declar'd Soveraign of that Principality. For which his Majeſty gave him 2000 Ducats. The 23d the Princeſs Royal was brought to Bed of a Prince: The King his Grandfather immediately declar'd him Prince of Orange, confer'd on him the Order of Knighthood of the black Eagle, and preſented him a drawn Sword in Token of his being deſcended of Royal Blood. He is to be chriſten'd the 4th of next Month; and is to have for his Godfathers and Godmothers, the King of Pruſſia, the Queen of England, the Elector of Hanover, the Princeſs Sophia, and the 13 Swiſs Cantons.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Nov. 26.

Paris, Nov. 26. The 18th of this Month, the Chevalier de Maulevrier Major General brought the News of

of the taking of the Caſtle of Lerida. The 11th about 5 in the Evening, a Mine made under the Fauſſebraye being finiſh'd and charg'd, and all Diſpoſitions made for giving the Aſſault, the Beſieged beat a Parley. Prince Henry of Darmſtad ſent out Officers to offer to capitulate: But the Duke of Orleans anſwer'd, that he would grant no Capitulation, unleſs the Prince of Darmſtad would ſurrender at the ſame time the Fort of Garden, to which he agreed. That Fort ſtands on an Eminence half a Cannon-Shot below the Town, and had not been attack'd. The Prince of Darmſtad ſent out Hoſtages, and his Royal Highneſs ſent into the Caſtle the Chevalier de Teſſe and M. de la Motte Major of the Regiment de la Couronne. The Capitulation was ſerled by 10 a Clock, and contain'd in Subſtance, that a Gate of the Caſtle and of the Fort ſhould be deliver'd up the 12th at 9 in the Morning; that the Garriſon ſhould march out with Arms and Baggage and 2 Pieces of Cannon of 6 pound ball, and be conducted to the Enemy's Army which lay within 3 Leagues of the Place; and that the Miquelets and Eccleſiaſtical Inhabitants ſhould be left to the Clemency of the King of Spain. Theſe Conditions were punctually executed; and the Garriſon march'd out the 12th. It was compos'd of 2 Battallions of Engliſh, 2 of Dutch, and 1 of Portugueſe, who together made but 500 Men. The Works were carried on ſo skilfully, that notwithſtanding the Difficulty of the Ground and the advantagious Situation of the Caſtle, our Loſs of Men in the Siege was inconſiderable, and not one Perſon of Diſtinction was kill'd.

The 20th the King caus'd *Te Deum* to be ſung at Verſailles; and the like was done in the Cathedral of Paris the 25th, purſuant to his Majeſty's Letter to the Cardinal de Noailles, which is as follows.

Couſin,

ALL that has paſs'd in Spain ſince the Victory of Almanza, evidently proves the Conſequences of it to be as advantagious as I hop'd, The Reduction of the Kingdoms of Valencia and Arragon was the firſt Fruit of it, and the taking of Lerida does not only perfectly ſecure the quiet Poſſeſſion of them, but ſeems even to promiſe like Succeſs in Catalonia. 'Tis to my Nephew the Duke of Orleans that ſo many happy Events are owing. After having united 2 Kingdoms under the Obedience of their lawful Soveraign, he undertook the Siege of that important Place. The Strength of its Ramparts, a numerous Garriſon, the Overflowing of Rivers, the Approach of the Enemy to relieve it, were ſo many Obſtacles which he has ſurmounted by his Intrepidity, his Vigilance, and by the Valour of the French and Spaniſh Troops that are under his Command. Theſe Advantages joyn'd to thoſe that have been obtain'd this ſame Campaign on the Frontiers of Portugal, where the Enemy have loſt 3 conſiderable Places and all the Troops that defended them, oblige me juſtly to give God the Thanks due to him for ſo many Benefits. Wherefore I write you this Letter, to tell you my Intention is you cauſe *Te Deum* to be ſung in the Metropolitan Church of my good City of Paris, the Day and Hour which the Grand Maſter or the Maſter of the Ceremonies ſhall in my Name appoint. I command him at the ſame Time to invite to that Ceremony my Courts and thoſe who uſe to aſſiſt at it. &c.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Dec. 2.

Paris, Nov. 25. The Duke of Orleans having ſeen the Garriſon of the Caſtle of Lerida march out, went Poſt to Madrid, where he was receiv'd with great Honours and extraordinary Acclamations of the People; and within 8 or 10 Days he is expected here. To ſuppreſs the Jealouſy which the Spaniards had conceiv'd upon our trading to the Weſt-Indies, the Marquis de Torcy Secretary of State has concluded a Treaty with the Duke of Alva Ambaſſador of Spain, importing in Subſtance, that for the future the Ships of both Nations ſhall go in Company to traffick in thoſe Parts; and even the Quality and Quantity of the Merchandiſes with which the Ships on both Sides ſhall be laden, is ſettled. The Government of the Limoſin, vacant by the Death of the Count d'Auvergne, is given to the Duke of Berwick, and will be worth him 48000 Livres a Year; the Apartments which the ſaid deceas'd Count had at Verſailles and Fontainebleau, are given to the Marſhal de Villars; who arriv'd ſome Days ago at Court, as did alſo the Marſhal de Teſſe, and were both favourably receiv'd by the King. The King has given a yearly Penſion of 1000 Livres to M. du Guay-Trouin, in Conſideration of the Conduct and Valour he ſhew'd in the late Action with the Engliſh at Sea. The Marſhal de Catinat having laid the Blame of the ill Succeſs of his Majeſty's Arms in Italy on M. de Chamillart, and his Majeſty underſtanding it had occaſion'd much ill Blood between them, took the Pains himſelf to make up the Matter, cauſing them to embrace and charging them to be heartily reconcil'd; ſince which mutual Viſits have paſs'd between them: Whence 'tis preſum'd the Marſhal will command in Dauphine the next Campaign, if his Health permit. The 20th of this Month a Ship arriv'd at Port Louis from the Spaniſh Weſt Indies, richly laden: And the Captain reports, that the 2d of this Month he met beyond the Canary Illands M. du Caſſe with 9 Men of VVar, bound for the Havana, there to wait for the Galleons, and thence to convoy them to the Ports of Spain, joyntly with the Squadron of M. du Queſne, which conſiſting of 10 Men of VVar has been at Cartagena ever ſince the 10th of July.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Divers Letters from France, ſay the purting in Execution the King's Declaration for making the Mintbills current throughout the Provinces from the 1ſt of December, is like to be very difficult: Eſpecially at Lions, where a great Number of Artificers have declar'd they will not take them in Payment. *Mean* time they write from Paris, that the Court have ſent Orders every where, for ſtrictly putting in Execution the ſaid Declaration.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Decemb. 2.

Letters from Paris run thus, They write from Breſt, that M. de Forbin is ſail'd from thence with his Squadron for Dunkirk, where they are to be laid up; but that the Squadron M. Du Gucy-Trauin, which ſail'd at the ſame Time, were to cruiſe, and to be follow'd by ſome other Ships. The Lis and Achille, are not fit to put to Sea, being ſhatter'd and diſabled in the laſt Fight with the Engliſh Convoys of the Lisbon Fleet. They write from Lions, that Papers were found affix'd to the Gates of the Intendant and of the Provoſt des Merchands, threatning them with Fire and a Revolt, if the Mintbills be made current the 1ſt of December purſuant to the Declaration of the King: Which Papers were ſent to Court. An Ordnance of the King, dated the 4th of November, concerning the raiſing of 10000 Recruits, to reinforce the Army of the Duke of Orleans in Spain to 53 Battallions, contains in Subſtance what follows.

THat his Majeſty being deſirous to eaſe the Provinces and Generalities of his Kingdom, by a conſiderable Diminution of the Levy of Recruits for Soldiers, has reſolv'd to recruit this Year the Troops of his Army in Spain only, who at ſuch a Diſtance cannot without that Aſſiſtance be reeſtabliſh'd for the enſuing Campaign: That his Majeſty promiſes thoſe who ſhall be choſen for theſe new Levies, between the Age of 18 and 40 Years, that they ſhall have their Diſcharge given them at the End of 3 Years; and if they will ſerve longer, an Exemption from the Tailles during 5 Years: That thoſe who ſhall liſt themſelves ſhall be ſtruck out of the Roll of the Tailles, to the End they may be exempted from them, both they and their Wives (if already married) or the Wives the Batchelors ſhall marry, during the Time they ſerve and 5 Years after their Return home: And that thoſe who abſent themſelves, ſhall be condemn'd to the Galleys. That on this Foot the Generality of Paris ſhall furniſh 900 Men, that of Amiens 400, Rouen 300, Soiſſons 300, Chalons 1000, Orleans 500, Dijon, 500, Montauban 1000, Bourdeaux 900, Poitiers 300, Limoges 200, Moulins 200, Tours 600, Alençon 400, Brittany 800, Burgundy 500.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 22.

Paris, Nov. 14. We hear, that ſome Regiments of the Forces that are in Provence and Languedoc, are order'd to march, as privately as may be, to Spain.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Decemb. 3.

Paris, Nov. 28. 'Tis believ'd, that the Duke of Orleans, who has order'd his Troops into Winter Quarters on the Frontiers of Catalonia, is now at Madrid, to ſtand Godfather on the Part of the King at the Chriſtning of the Prince of Aſturias; Cardinal Portocarrero is to perform the Baptiſm, and will be at all the Charge of the Ceremony; 'Tis certain that the Treaty of Commerce between Spain and France, particularly for the trading to the Spaniſh Weſt Indies, is regulated; and 'tis ſaid M. Menager, who is a very able Man, will ſpeedily go to Spain, to ſettle divers Matters with the Chamber of Contractation of Seville. The Duke of Berwick is ſhortly expected from Spain.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, to Morrow being Friday, the 28th of November, will be Acted the Tragedy of Mackbeth.

Never Acted but twice.

By her Majeſty's Company of Comedians.

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this preſent Thurſday, being the 27th of November, will be preſented a new Tragedy call'd, The Royal Convert.

AN Entertainment by Mr. CLINCH of BARNET, who imitates the Flute, Double Curtell, the Organ with 3 Voices, the Horn, Huntſman and Pack of Hounds, the Sham Doctor, the Old Woman, the Drunken Man, the Bells: All Inſtruments are perform'd by his natural Voice. Likewiſe a Comical Dance by a Young Man. To be ſeen this preſent Evening at 7 a Clock at the Fountain and Ship Tavern near the Monument. Price 1 s.

LONDON: Printed, and Sold by *Sam. Buckley* at the *Dolphin* in *Little-Britain*.